English | King Lear | Year 9 | Summer 2

Week 1		Week 2		Week 3	
Abdication	When a monarch renounces (gives up) their throne.	Treacherous	Guilty of, or involving betrayal or deception.	Hubris	Excessive pride.
Tragedy	A play ending with the suffering and death of the main character.	Primogeniture	The right of succession to the throne belonging to the first born, usually the son.	Transgressive	Violating (crossing) moral and social boundaries.
transgressive	Violating (crossing) moral and social boundaries.	Illegitimate	not authorized by the law; not in accordance with accepted standards or rules.	Tyrant	A cruel and oppressive ruler.
Hamartia	The fatal flaw of a tragic hero.	Soliloquy	A speech or passage in a play when a character on stage speaks to himself/herself, expressing their inner thoughts and feelings.	Patriarchy	a system of society or government in which men hold the power and women are largely excluded from it:
Week 4		Week 5		Week 6	
Realm	A kingdom	Machiavellian	Cunning, scheming, and focussed on the acquisition of personal power, especially in politics.	Catharsis	The process of releasing strong or pent-up emotions which can bring a release of tension.
Disintegration Tyrant	The process of losing cohesion, strength or breaking down. A cruel and oppressive ruler.	Anagnorisis	The point in the plot, especially a tragedy, at which the protagonist recognises their own character's true identity or discovers the true nature of their situation.	Soliloquy	A speech or passage in a play when a character on stage speaks to himself/herself, expressing their inner thoughts and feelings.
		Hamartia	The fatal flaw of a tragic hero.	Disintegration	The process of losing cohesion, strength or breaking down.
Corrupt	Having or showing a willingness to act dishonestly in return for money or personal gain.	Treacherous	Guilty of, or involving betrayal or deception.	Corrupt	Having or showing a willingness to act dishonestly in return for money or personal gain.